# RARE AND ENDANGERED AQUATIC VASCULAR PLANTS OF OHIO: AN ANNOTATED LIST OF THE IMPERILED SPECIES

## RONALD L. STUCKEY

Department of Botany and Center for Lake Erie Area Research The Ohio State University, Columbus 43210

## MARVIN L. ROBERTS

Department of Botany
University of Wyoming, Laramie 82071

In Ohio and elsewhere, considerable concern is growing for the identity and protection of rare and endangered, or imperiled, species of plants. Man's impact on the environment has caused drastic changes that are now affecting organisms to the extent that these imperiled species are extinct or becoming extirpated, or their survival is endangered or threatened. Lists of rare and endangered species of plants for various states are now beginning to appear, for example, Arkansas (Tucker, 1974), Missouri (Holt, Keefe, Lewis, Pflieger, and Sullivan, 1974), New Jersey (Fairbrothers and Hough, 1973), and Texas (Anonymous, 1974), and a national report on the endangered and threatened plant species of the United States recently has been presented to the Congress of the United States (Ayensu and others, 1974). Although a list of Ohio's rare vascular plants was published 30 years ago (Jones, 1943), we here present a documented report on the imperiled species of aquatic vascular plants for Ohio, which to our knowledge is the first report for this group of plants for any given state. We are aware that reports of this type have certain limitations and will require revision as more information becomes available.

The indigenous or native aquatic vascular plants of Ohio are those plants that live and complete all or most of their life history in water or in a habitat that is wet throughout part of the year, such as a marsh, bog, or wet prairie. These plants generally grow submersed, floating, submersed with floating leaves, or emersed in shallow water. The inclusion of plants as aquatic and the information on their habitat comes from (1) available label data on herbarium specimens, (2) a knowledge of the biology of the species from our field studies in the state over the past eight years, and when necessary, (3) floristic literature for Ohio and adjacent states or from monographs of specific genera. Herbarium specimen records were obtained principally from the collections at The Ohio State University, Kent State University, The University of Cincinnati, and occasionally from Bowling Green State University and Miami University. Records for several groups studied by specialists (Ball for Salix, Mackenzie or Hermann for Carex, for exam-

ple) were extracted from the card files of E. Lucy Braun at The Ohio State University Herbarium. We sometimes had great difficulty characterizing the habitat of those species which have not been located in the state for fifty years or more.

Ohio's imperiled species of aquatic vascular plants can be grouped into four categories based principally on (1) their distribution and abundance geographically, (2) the changes in population numbers through time, (3) the abundance and quality of existing suitable habitats in the state, and (4) the peculiarities of the biology of the species. The following categories are established and defined for use in the annotated list presented in Table 1.

EXTINCT. An extinct species is one that has been completely eliminated not only from Ohio, but from all other areas of its range within historic time. None of Ohio's aquatic vascular plants belong in this category.

EXTIRPATED (EX). An extirpated species is one based on records known from one or more counties 70-80 years ago, but which has not been reported in Ohio since. These species may be expected to survive in areas nearby to Ohio. In some cases our knowledge of site conditions and the species tolerances leads us to believe they may not exist in Ohio despite relatively recent records. Forty species are considered to be extirpated in Ohio.

ENDANGERED (EN). An endangered species is one based on records known from one or more counties 70-80 years ago, but which has been recorded in Ohio from only one or two counties since 1950. These species are in immediate jeopardy in Ohio and could readily become extirpated through destruction or environmental changes of a few critical sites. A few species without recent records have been considered as endangered because we believe they are probably present in unstudied existing suitable sites. Fifty-four species are considered to be endangered in Ohio.

THREATENED (TH). A threatened species is one known from older records and has recently been recorded in Ohio from three to no more than seven counties since 1950. These species are believed to have continued to survive at population levels comparable to their previous abundance, but they could become endangered or extirpated if drastic environmental and habitat changes occur. Fifty-two species are placed in this category.

These 146 imperiled species of Ohio aquatic vascular plants, if not extirpated already, exist in such small population numbers that special attention should be given for their survival as a part of the state flora. We believe that the change in the number of populations through time illustrates the effects the environment has had on the survival of a species. The data for the species considered in Table 1 are presented to substantiate and explain their inclusion. The most appropriate time periods selected to show these changes in the number of populations for each species are (1) the number of counties with at least one population record before about 1900, (2) the number of counties with at least one population record since about 1950, (3) the year of the earliest known record, and (4) the year of the latest known record. A list of the counties where each species has been recorded

is also included (Table 1), and the number of imperiled species known for each county is stated in Table 2. The trends observed and recorded should be predictive if the data base is reasonably accurate and substantial, and if habitat destruction occurs at about the present pace. An alternative list of species tolerant of changes and increasing in population numbers could also be presented. Of the 146 imperiled species, eight have never been located in Ohio since 1900 and 30 additional ones have not been seen or reported in the past 25 years.

The habitats of Ohio's imperiled species of aquatic vascular plants are quite specialized and complex, such as bogs, fens, marshes, swamps and/or combinations of these with ponds, lakes, streams, and/or mudflats. In order to simplify and condense information on the habitat, we have listed one or two of the most characteristic kinds of habitats in which each one of these imperiled species may be expected to occur. The aquatic or wetland habitat types selected along with a note on their chief distinguishing feature are: pond or lake (quiet, open water), stream (flowing water), fen (calcareous substrate conditions), bog (acidic substrate conditions), marsh (dominated with herbaceous vegetation), swamp (deminated with woody vegetation), and mudflat (exposed soil conditions that were formerly covered with water earlier in the growing season).

Considerable changes in the aquatic vascular plant flora of particular sites (Stuckey, 1971; Judd & Taub, 1973; Lowden, 1969; Moore, 1973) and for the genus Najas (Wentz & Stuckey, 1971) have been documented in Ohio. Our data indicate that the aquatic habitats in northeastern Ohio and the marshes along the shoreline of Lake Eric in northwestern Ohio have the greatest diversity of aquatic vascular plants in the state. These areas also contain the largest number of imperiled species of aquatic vascular plants (Table 3). The glacial topography of northern Ohio contains most of the bog, fen, and lake flora of the state. The marsh, swamp, stream, and mudflat flora is as well or even more represented here as elsewhere. The northern portion of Ohio has been subjected to considerable agricultural development, including extensive drainage and channelization. The northeastern section is currently undergoing rapid urbanization with a severe impact on the bog, pond, and lake flora from residential and industrial development. This impact has been particularly significant in the Cleveland-Akron-Canton metropolitan areas in the counties of Portage, Summit, Stark, Lake, and Geauga. The counties bordering Lake Erie in northwestern Ohio (Erie, Lucas, and Ottawa) have been severely affected by shoreline development which has disturbed the flora of the marshes, swamps, and mudflats. It is fortunate that these areas of the state that are now currently most severely affected by habitat degradation were centers of field botanical research 70-80 years ago before such changes became apparent. The information available from the beginning of the century has, therefore, been invaluable for documenting the depletion of the aquatic vascular plant flora. These trends are clearly evident, and, therefore, we believe in a strong program

for further acquisition and protection of Ohio's aquatic vascular plants and their habitats in wetland sites.

Much of our field work on the aquatic vascular plant flora of Ohio has been supported by the Ohio Biological Survey during the seasons of 1967-1973. Thanks are also expressed to Mr. Thomas Duncan, Dr. Robert R. Haynes, Mr. Ronnie Johnson, and Mr. W. Alan Wentz, who have aided in our studies of the state's aquatic plant flora. Miss Edna Kirby contributed in assisting with obtaining data from the specimens in The Ohio State University Herbarium.

Table 1. Annotated Checklist of Imperiled Aquatic Vascular Plants Indigenous in Ohio.

_	Flants Indigen	ous	111	On	0.		
Imperiled Status	Name of Plant and Habitat		Number of Counties With Records Before ca 1900	Number of Counties With Records	Year of Earliest Known Record	Year of Latest Known Record	List of Counties With Records:
	ISOETACEAE						
EX	Isoetes braunii Dur. Lake. Quillwort	1	0	0	1913	1935	67
EN	Isoetes engelmannii A. Br. Pond & Lake. Quillwort	4	1	1	1838	1973	11*, 12†, 50, 67
	SPARGANIACEAE						
ТН	Sparganium androcladum (Engelm.) Morong Marsh. Bur-reed	6	1	4	1894	1962	$3,\ 8^{\dagger},\ 22^{\oplus},\ 50^{\dagger},\ 67^{\dagger},\ 77^{\dagger}$
EN	Sparganium chlorocar- pum Rydb. Bog. Bur-reed	3	1	2	1892	1969	$11^{\dagger},~25^{*},~86^{\dagger}$
	POTAMOGETONACEAE						
EN	Potamogeton filiformis Pers. Lake. Filiform Pondweed	1	0	1	1939	1970	$62\dot{\tau}$

<sup>\$</sup>The numbers refer to the counties as listed in Table 2. An asterisk after the number indicates a record previous to 1900; a dagger after the number indicates a record since 1950.

EX	Potamogeton friesii Rupr.	3	2	0	1895	1901	22*, 62*, 77
	Lake, Pondweed						
EN	Potamogeton gramineus I	6	4	2	1888	1970	22*, 26†, 48†, 62*, 75*,
	Pond & Stream. Pondweed						85*
EX	Potamogeton hillii Morong Pond & Stream, Pondweed	2	1	0	1877	1913	4*, 67
EX	Potamogeton perfoliatus L.	1	1	0	1898	1898	62*
	Lake. Pondweed						
EN	Potamogeton praelongus Wulfen. Lake. White-stem	5	1	1	1898	1969	4, 22, 62*, 76, 86†
	Pondweed						
EN	Potamogeton pulcher Tuckerm.	6	3	1	1838	1970	4, 11*, 12*, 25, 40 <sup>†</sup> , 85*
	Pond, Spotted Pondweed						
EN	Potamogeton richardsonii (Ar. Benn.) Rydb. Lake. Red-head pondweed	8	5	2	1835	1970	4, 10†, 16*, 22*, 43, 62*†, 67*, 77*
EN	Potamogeton robbinsii						
	Oakes	3	2	2	1894	1966	22*, 67†, 77*†
	Lake. Pondweed						
ТН	Potamogeton spirillus Tuckerm.	6	2	4	189-	1971	4*, 28*, 47†, 50†, 67†,
	Pond, Pondweed						78†
EX	Potamogeton strictifolius Ar. Benn. Lake, Pondweed	1	1	0	1895	1898	22*
EN	Potamogeton tennesseen-						
	sis Fern. Pond & Stream. Pondweed	3	0	2	1932	1967	15†, 40, 82†
EX	Potamogeton vaseyi						
	Robbins Lake, Pondweed	3	0	0	1900	1935	4, 67, 78
TH	Potamogeton zosteri-						
	formis Fern,	10	6	4	1835	1970	11†, 22*, 28, 45*, 46*†,
	Lake. Flat-stem Pond- weed						62*†, 64*, 67†, 76*, 77
	NAJADACEAE						
EX	Najas gracillima (A.Br.)						
EA	Magnus Lake. Naiad	3	2	0	1898	1918	62*, 67, 85*
	JUNCAGINACEAE						
ТН	Triglochin maritimum L. Fen. Arrow-grass	6	4	3	1835	1972	11*†, 12*, 43, 46†, 76*†, 77*
TH	Triglochin palustre L.	6	1	3	1840	1965	11†, 22*, 49, 71, 72†,
	Fen. Arrow-grass						76†

EN	Scheuchzeria palustris L. Bog. $$	7	3	1	1840	1973	3, 4, 23, 28*, 45*†, 47*, 67
	ALISMATACEAE						
ТН	Echinodorus rostratus (Nutt.) Engelm. Mudflat, Bur-head	4	0	2	1905	1973	31, 65†, 66†, 71
TH	Sagittaria australis (J.G. Sm.) Small Mudflat. Arrowhead	10	3	6	1875	1972	1†, 6*, 7†, 12*, 13*, 27†, 36†, 40†, 53, 66†
EN	Sagittaria cuneata Sheldon Mudflat, Arrowhead	6	2	2	1894	1972	6, 22†, 40, 45, 62*†, 85*
EX	Sagittaria graminea Michx. Pond, Grass-leaf Arrow- head	4	2	1	1838	1951	11*, 18*, 48, 88†
тн	Sagittaria latifolia Willd. var. pubescens (Muhl.) J.G. Sm.	3	0	3	1961	1967	15†, 34†, 41†
	Marsh. Common Arrow- head						
	neau						
	GRAMINEAE						
TH	Calamagrostis inexpansa A. Gray Fen. Northern Reed Grass	3	0	3	1946	1967	$22\dagger,\ 48\dagger,\ 71\dagger$
EN	Glyceria acutiflora Torr. Swamp. Manna Grass	3	0	2	1842	1971	38†, 45, 59†
EX	Glyceria borealis (Nash) Batchelder Pond. Northern Manna Grass	1	0	0	1925	1925	48
тн	Glyceria grandis S. Wats. Bog. Tall Manna Grass	7	1	7	1842	1969	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ТН	Glyceria melicaria (Michx.) F.T. Hubbard Swamp. Manna Grass	9	4	4	1889	1961	4*, 18*, 23, 28†, 40, 43*, 67†, 77*†, 78†
ТН	Glyceria pallida (Torr.) Trin. Pond. Manna Grass	9	1	6	1840	1971	18†, 28†, 38†, 40†, 62, 67†, 76*, 77†, 78†, 79
EN	Zizania aquatica L. Marsh. Annual Wild Rice	15	7	3	1833	1972	4, 12, 22*, 37*, 43, 45*, 47, 48*, 57*, 62*†, 64*, 65†, 76, 77, 79†
	CYPERACEAE						
EX	Carex alata Torr. Bog & Marsh, Sedge	5	5	0	1887	1899	18*, 43*, 76*, 77*, 85*
EX	Carex aquatilis Wahl. Marsh. Sedge	7	7	0	1879	1939	6*, 22*, 43*, 46*, 47*, 48*, 62*

EN	Carex atherodes Spreng. Bog & Fen. Sedge	4	2	2	1897	1972	$19^{+},\ 22^{<},\ 62^{+},\ 85^{*}$
EN	Carex aurea Nutt. Fen & Bog. Sedge	4	2	1	1898	1970	4°, 22°, 48, 77†
EX	Carex baileyi Britt. Marsh, Sedge	1	0	0	1934	1934	40
EX		2	1	0	1893	1935	47*, 76
EX	Carex brunnescens (Pers.) Poir. Bog & Swamp, Sedge	3	1	0	1871	1915	43*, 46, 78
EX	Carex cephalantha (Bailey) Bickn. Bog. Sedge	5	3	0	1883	1913	28, 43°, 47*, 67*, 76
Ex	Carex crus-corvi Shuttlew. Fen. Sedge	5	4	0	1840	1933	6*, 11*, 20*, 71, 87*
ТН	Carex cryptolepis Mack. Bog & Fen. Sedge	6	2	4	1871	1971	1 <sup>†</sup> , 4, 43*, 48 <sup>†</sup> , 67 <sup>†</sup> , 76* <sup>†</sup>
EX	Carex decomposita Muhl. Bog. Sedge	3	3	0	1838	1910	25*, 31*, 45*
EX	Carex diandra Schrank Bog. Sedge	8	5	0	1840	1935	22*, 25, 43*, 45*, 47*, 67, 76, 77*
EN	Carex flava L. Fen. Sedge	1	1	1	1840	1966	11*†
EX	Carex haydenii Dew. Fen & Marsh, Sedge	4	2	0	1894	1922	22*, 47*, 67, 78
EN	Carex howei Mack. Bog. Sedge	10	5	1	1892	1958	28 <sup>†</sup> , 40, 43, 45 <sup>*</sup> , 47 <sup>*</sup> , 64, 67, 76 <sup>*</sup> , 77 <sup>*</sup> , 85 <sup>*</sup>
EN	Carex interior Bailey Fen & Bog. Sedge	8	3	2	1886	1980	15†, 18†, 22*, 31, 40, 43*, 47*, 71
EX	Carex lasiocarpa Ehrh. Bog. Sedge	6	4	0	1889	1933	45°, 47°, 70, 76°, 77°, 85
EX	Carex limosa L. Bog. Sedge	5	2	0	1842	1945	3, 4*, 23, 45, 85*
EN	Carex oligosperma Michx. Bog. Sedge	2	1	1	1898	1968	20*, 67†
EX	Carex projecta Mack. Bog. Sedge	2	2	0	1894	1912	43*, 47*
EX	Carex pseudo-cyperus L. Bog. Sedge	2	2	0	1890	1922	22*, 45*
EX	Carex retrorsa Schwein. Marsh. Sedge	1	1	0	189-	189-	48*
EX	Carex sartwellii Dew. Fen. Sedge	3	1	1	1893	1934	22*, 48†, 71
EN	Carex sterilis Willd. Fen. Sedge	4	2	1	1840	1965	11*†, 22*, 49, 76
EN	Carex straminea Willd. Marsh. Sedge	2	0	2	1935	1963	37 <sup>†</sup> , 40 <sup>†</sup>

EX	Carex suberecta (Olney) Britt. Marsh, Sedge	9	3	2	1898	1963	6*, 11*, 12†, 23, 25*, 29†, 31, 36, 71
EN	Carex trisperma Dew. Bog. Sedge	9	6	0	1871	1938	3, 4, 28*, 43*, 47*, 67*, 77*, 78, 86*
TH	Carex viridula Michx. Fen. Sedge	4	2	3	1893	1972	11*, 22*†, 62†, 77†
ТН	Cladium mariscoides (Muhl.) Torr. Fen. Twig-Rush	6	2	4	1893	1969	11*†, 22*†, 28, 48†, 67, 88†
TH	Cyperus diandrus Torr. Mudflat. Umbrella Sedge	6	1	4	1898	1969	15†, 20*, 22†, 47, 48†, 62†
ТН	Cyperus engelmannii Steud. Mudflat. Umbrella Sedge	9	3	6	1897	1971	4, 6*†, 22†, 45†, 46*†, 48†, 62†, 76, 85*
ТН	Eleocharis compressa Sulliv. Fen. Flat-stemmed Spike- rush	10	5	7	1840	1969	1†, 22*†, 26*, 43*, 48†, 49*, 51†, 62*†, 67†, 71, 76†
тн	Eleocharis elliptica Kunth Fen. Spike-rush	7	3	4	1892	1969	7, 22*†, 47*, 48*†, 62†, 66, 87†
TH	Eleocharis intermedia Schultes Mud-flat. Matted Spike- rush	9	2	7	1840	1974	15†, 20†, 23, 25*, 29†, 45†, 48†, 62*†, 86†
EN	Eleocharis olivacea Torr. Bog & Mudflat. Olivaceous Spike-rush	5	2	3	1894	1970	11†, 18*, 62†, 77*, 86†
EN	Eleocharis pauciflora (Lightf.) Link Fen. Spike-rush	3	0	1	1929	1967	11, 71, 86†
тн	Eleocharis quadrangulata (Michx.) R. & S. Marsh. Four-angled Spike-rush	7	1	4	1891	1973	1 <sup>†</sup> , 3, 8 <sup>†</sup> , 40 <sup>†</sup> , 44 <sup>†</sup> , 67, 77*
ТН	Eleocharis rostellata Torr. Fen. Spike-rush	9	2	8	1892	1973	11*†, 15†, 22†, 38†, 46*†, 55, 67†, 76†, 77†
TH	Eriophorum virginicum L. Bog. Tawny Cotton-grass	11	7	3	1887	1973	3, 4*, 20*, 28*, 39, 45*†, 47*, 67*†, 70, 76†, 85*
ТН	Eriophorum viridi-cari- natum (Engelm.) Fern. Bog. Cotton-grass, Bog- cotton	10	5	5	1884	1969	4, 11†, 18*†, 22*, 28†, 43*, 45*, 67†, 76, 77*†
EN	Hemicarpha micrantha (Vahl) Pax Mudflat.	5	0	2	1928	1967	4, 40, 48†, 65, 86†
TH	Rhynchospora alba (L.) Vahl Fen. White Beak-rush	14	7	4	1840	1971	4, 11*†, 22*, 28*, 38†, 39, 40, 45*, 47*, 67†, 70, 76, 77*†, 85*

EX	Rhynchospora globularis (Chapm.) Small	3	1	0	1897	1946	22*, 48, 71
EN	Fen. Beak-rush Scirpus expansus Fern.	5	2	2	1898	1973	38†, 42†, 62*, 70*, 85
тн	Marsh. Bulrush Scirpus pedicellatus Fern. Bog. Bulrush	9	2	3	1887	1954	6*, 18, 43*, 47, 51†, 65†, 77†, 78, 85
тн	Scirpus purshianus Fern. Mudflat. Bulrush	8	3	3	1885	1973	14†, 40†, 43*, 62*, 65, 66, 77*, 82†
EN	Scirpus smithii Gray Mudflat, Bulrush	1	1	1	1895	1970	62*†
EX	Scirpus torreyi Olney Marsh. Bulrush	3	3	0	1889	1896	22*, 43*, 62*
EN	Scleria pauciflora Willd. Fen. Nut-rush	6	1	1	1897	1960	1†, 22*, 40, 48, 66, 71
ТН	Scleria verticillata Willd. Fen. Nut-rush	9	3	5	1840	1969	11*†, 12, 22*†, 24, 25*, 29†, 65, 67†, 71†
	ARACEAE						
тн	Calla palustris L. Bog. Wild Calla	8	6	5	1837	1971	4*†, 18†, 28†, 39*, 67*†, 76*†, 77*, 78*
	LEMNACEAE						
EN	Lemna valdiviana Phillipi Pond, Pale Duckweed	2	0	1	1901	1958	13†, 43
тн	Wolffia papulifera C.H. Thompson Pond. Pointed Wolffia	4	0	3	1932	1973	40, 47†, 67†, 83†
EX	Wolffiella floridana (J.D. Sm.) C.H. Thompson Pond. Star Wolffiella	5	0	0	1906	1930	23, 45, 64, 67, 77
	XYRIDACEAE						
EX	Xyris difformis Chapman Bog, Yellow-eyed-Grass	2	2	0	1890	1891	28*, 67*
EN	Xyris torta Sm. Mudflat. Yellow-eyed- Grass	5	1	2	1892	1961	27†, 40, 48†, 73, 87*
	ERIOCAULACEAE						
EX	Eriocaulon septangulare With. Mudflat. White-buttons,	2	0	0	1913	1915	67, 77
	Duckgrass						
	PONTEDERIACEAE						
EX	Heteranthera reniformis R. & P. Mudflat, Mud-plantain	2	2	0	1837	1849	31*, 57*
	·						
тн	JUNCACEAE Juncus alpinus Vill. Fen. Rush	5	3	2	1840	1972	18*, 22†, 43*, 48, 62*†

EN	Juncus greenei Oakes & Tuckerm.	1	. 0	1	1927	1971	48†
	Mudflat. Rush			-			201
EN	Juncus interior Wieg. Marsh. Rush	2	0	1	1933	1966	49, 72†
TH	Juncus subcaudatus (Engelm.) Coville & Blake Marsh, Rush	3	0	3	1950	1967	37†, 65†, 71†
тн	LILIACEAE Tofieldia glutinosa (Michx.) Pers.	8	4	5	1835	1973	11*†, 12*, 46†, 48, 57*,
	Fen. False Asphodel		•	Ü	1000	1010	67†, 76*†, 77†
тн	IRIDACEAE Iris brevicaulis Raf. Marsh. Leafy Blue Flag	13	2	3	1837	1965	6*, 19 <sup>†</sup> , 25, 31*, 35, 36, 51, 62, 65, 71, 80, 81 <sup>†</sup> , 83 <sup>†</sup>
	ORCHIDACEAE						
EN	Arethusa bulbosa L. Bog. Arethusa; Dragon's mouth	3	3	2	1891	1960	45*†, 47*, 67*†
EN	Cypripedium candidum Willd. Fen. White Lady's-slipper	8	4	2	1836	1968	11*, 12*, 22*†, 48, 57*, 67†, 78, 88
EX	Habenaria blephariglottis (Willd.) Hook. Bog. White Fringed Orchid		3	0	1835	1937	4*, 28, 48, 67*, 77*
EX	Habenaria ciliaris (L.) R.Br.	6	2	0	1893	1944	1, 26*, 43, 48*, 71, 73
	Bog. Orange or Yellow Fringed Orchid						
EX	Habenaria leucophaea (Nutt.) A. Gray Bog. Prairie White Fringed Orchid	5	4	0	1838	1916	6*, 11*, 22, 25*, 57*
TH	Spiranthes lucida (H.H.						
	Eat.) Ames Fen & Marsh. Shining Ladies' Tresses	13	6	3	1887	1961	1 <sup>†</sup> , 11, 13*, 18*, 29*, 43*, 48, 52*, 66, 67*, 71 <sup>†</sup> , 77 <sup>†</sup> , 78
EN	Spiranthes romanzoffiana Cham. Fen. Hooded Ladies'	6	4	2	1882	1960	4*†, 22*, 28, 43*, 52*, 76†
	Tresses						
тн	SALICACEAE Salix bebbiana Sarg. Bog & Fen. Long-beaked Willow	12	10	1	1892	1974	4*, 22*, 26*, 35†, 39, 43*, 47*, 48*, 62*, 77*, 87*, 88*
тн	Salix candida Fluegge Bog & Fen. Sage-leaf Willow	8	4	4	1898	1967	15 <sup>†</sup> , 22* <sup>†</sup> , 26*, 67 <sup>†</sup> , 76*, 77, 86 <sup>†</sup> , 88*

ТН	Salix pedicellaris Pursh Bog & Fen. Bog Willow	12	5	2	1891	1969	3, 4, 11, 28 <sup>†</sup> , 39, 45 <sup>*</sup> , 64 <sup>*</sup> , 67 <sup>*</sup> , 76, 77 <sup>†</sup> , 85 <sup>*</sup> , 86 <sup>*</sup>
ТН	Salix petiolaris J.E. Smith Bog & Fen. Willow	8	5	3	1879	1969	6*, 15 <sup>†</sup> , 22*, 26*, 48*, 67 <sup>†</sup> , 77 <sup>†</sup> , 86, 87*
ТН	Salix serissima (Bailey) Fern. Bog & Fen. Autumn Willow	5	1	4	1899	1969	15†, 67†, 76†, 77†, 86*
EN	× Salix subsericea (Anderss.) Schneid. Bog & Fen. Willow.	4	3	1	1899	1969	4*, 11*, 47*, 77†
EN	MYRICACEAE Myrica pensylvanica Loisel. Bog. Bayberry	3	1	1	189-	1961	4, 67 <sup>†</sup> , 77*
тн	BETULACEAE Betula pumila L. Fen. Low Birch	7	4	3	1835	1972	11*†, 12, 67, 76*, 77*, 86 <sup>†</sup> , 88 <sup>*</sup> <sup>†</sup>
тн	URTICACEAE Pilea fontana (Lunell) Rydb, Marsh. Clearweed	7	0	7	1900	1974	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
EN	POLYGONACEAE Polygonum pensylvani- cum L. var. eglandu- losum Myers Mudflat. Smartweed	2	0	2	1940	1975	$22^{\circ}$ , $62^{\circ}$
тн	CERATOPHYLLACEAE Ceratophyllum echinatum Gray Pond. Hornwort, Coontail	9	0	5	1913	1974	4 <sup>†</sup> , 10 <sup>†</sup> , 25, 39 <sup>†</sup> , 40, 47 <sup>†</sup> , 62 <sup>†</sup> , 67, 70
EN	NYMPHAEACEAE Nuphar variegatum Engelm. Pond, Yellow Water-lily, Spatter-dock	3	1	2	1894	1970	$22^*,\ 48^{\dagger},\ 62^{\dagger}$
EN	RANUNCULACEAE Ranunculus pusillus Poir. Marsh & Mudfiat, Water Crowfoot	4	0	1	1922	1950	4, 13, 27 <sup>†</sup> , 71
EX	CRUCIFERAE Armoracia aquatica (Eat.) Wieg. Stream. Lake Cress	6	4	0	1889	1936	16*, 45*, 48, 49*, 64*, 65

ТН	Rorippa sessiliflora (Nutt.) Hitchc. Mudflat. Yellow-cress	7	1	4	1878	1970	1 <sup>†</sup> , 31*, 54 <sup>†</sup> , 62 <sup>†</sup> , 65 <sup>†</sup> , 66, 71
	SARRACINEACEAE						
TH	Sarracenia purpurea L. Bog. Pitcher-plant	14	9	4	1835	1971	3, 4*, 20*, 28*†, 39, 45†, 46*, 47*, 67†, 70, 76*†, 77*, 85*, 86*
EN	DROSERACEAE Drosera intermedia Hayne Bog. Sundew	4	1	1	1899	1967	28†, 43, 48, 85*
	ROSACEAE						
ТН	Potentilla palustris (L.) Scop. Bog. Marsh Cinquefoil	14	8	3	1838	1960	3, 4*, 11*, 18†, 28†, 38, 39, 45*, 47*, 67*, 76*†, 77*, 78, 85*
	CALLITRICHACEAE						
TH	Callitriche terrestris						
	Raf. emend Torr. Mudflat. Water Starwort	10	1	3	1890	1969	13*, 21, 25, 31, 37, 41†, 60, 67†, 71, 83†
тн	Callitriche verna L. Pond & Stream. Starwort	7	3	2	1888	1971	4, 10†, 18*, 25, 28*, 47*, 78†
	RHAMNACEAE						
ТН	Rhamnus alnifolia L'Her. Fen. Buckthorn	10	3	7	1840	1972	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	HYPERICACEAE						
TH	Hypericum kalmianum L. Fen. St. John's-wort	6	4	3	1891	1960	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	HALORAGACEAE						
EN	Myriophyllum exalbes-						
	cens Fern. Pond & Lake. Water- milfoil	12	10	4	1891	1972	6*, 18*, 22*, 23*, 38†, 45*, 46*, 62*†, 64*, 67*†, 76†, 86*
EN	Myriophyllum hetero-						
	phyllum Michx. Pond & Stream. Water- milfoil	7	1	2	1835	1973	4, 11, 36, 45*, 46†, 78, 80†
EX	Myriophyllum verticil- latum L. Lake. Water-milfoil	2	2	0	1838	1840	11*, 67*
	UMBELLIFERAE						
ТН	Hydrocotyle americana L. Swamp. Water-pennywort	12	6	6	1885	1971	15†, 18*, 28†, 38†, 43*, 45†, 67†, 71, 76*†, 77*, 79*, 85*
EN	Hydrocotyle umbellata L. Pond. Water-pennywort	4	2	2	1891	1971	4, 28†, 67*†, 76*

30							
	ERICACEAE						
EX	Andromeda glaucophylla Link Bog, Bog-rosemary	5	2	0	1878	1929	4, 28*, 76, 77, 85*
тн	Chamaedaphne calyculata (L.) Moench Bog. Leather-leaf	11	6	4	1871	1970	4, 18†, 20*, 22, 28*†, 45, 67†, 76*†, 77*, 85*, 86*
EN	Vaccinium oxycoccos L. Bog. Small cranberry	8	4	2	1889	1961	3, 28 <sup>†</sup> , 45*, 47*, 67 <sup>†</sup> , 76, 77*, 85*
EN	PRIMULACEAE Hottonia inflata Ell. Pond. Featherfoil	2	1	1	1891	1974	4*, 73†
EN	GENTIANACEAE Menyanthes trifoliata L. Bog. Buckbean	12	5	1	1835	1970	3, 4, 11*, 25, 28, 39, 43*, 45*†, 67, 76, 77*, 85*
	SCROPHULARIACEAE						
EN		4	1	2	1897	1973	13, 22*, 27†, 40†
EN	Gratiola viscidula Pen- nell Mudflat. Hedge-hyssop	3	0	3	1932	1974	27†, 40†, 73†
	LENTIBULARIACEAE						
EN	Utricularia cornuta Michx. Fen & Bog. Bladderwort	3	3	1	1839	1964	11*†, 77*, 85*
EN	Utricularia intermedia Hayne Fen & Bog, Bladderwort	5	2	3	1893	1972	11†, 43*, 67†, 76†, 85*
EN	Utricularia minor L. Fen & Bog. Bladderwort	4	1	2	1893	1972	11*†, 15†, 45, 67
EN	PLANTAGINACEAE Plantago cordata Lam. Stream. Plantain	7	3	1	1835	1973	1 <sup>†</sup> , 6*, 25*, 46, 47*, 48, 49
EX	CAPRIFOLIACEAE Linnaea borealis Gronov. Bog. Twinflower	2	1	0	1900	1924	76*, 77
EN	VALERIANACEAE Valeriana ciliata Torr. & Gray Fen. Valerian	1	1	1	1837	1964	11*†
EX	COMPOSITAE Megalodonta beckii (Torr.) Greene Lake. Bur-marigold	7	5	1	1860	1966	4, 22*, 52*, 62*, 67†, 76*, 77*

Table 2. Numbered List of Ohio Counties With Numbers of Imperiled Species in Each County.

Number	County	Number o Imperiled Species		County	Number o Imperiled Species
1	Adams	8	45	Licking	27
2	Allen	0	46	Logan	10
3	Ashland	9	47	Lorain	27
4	Ashtabula	37	48	Lucas	33
5	Athens	0	49	Madison	5
6	Auglaize	12	50	Mahoning	3
7	Belmont	2	51	Marion	3
8	Brown	2	52	Medina	3
9	Butler	0	53	Meigs	1
10	Carroll	2	54	Mercer	0
11	Champaign	35	55	Miami	1
12	Clark	10	56	Monroe	Õ
13	Clermont	5	57	Montgomery	5
14	Clinton	1	58	Morgan	ĭ
15	Columbiana	14	59	Morrow	î
16	Coshocton	1	60	Muskingum	õ
17	Crawford	0	61	Noble	ő
18	Cuyahoga	17	62	Ottawa	31
19	Darke	2	63	Paulding	0
20	Darke	6	64	Perry	6
21	Delaware	1	65	Pickaway	8
22	Erie	47	66	Pike	6
23	Fairfield	7	67	Portage	60
23		í	68	Preble	0
25	Fayette Franklin	14	69	Putnam	0
			70	Richland	5
26	Fulton	7 4	70 71	Ross	17
27	Gallia	28	71	Sandusky	3
28	Geauga		73	Scioto	4
29	Greene	4	73 74	Seneca	1
30	Guernsey	6	74 75		0
31	Hamilton	0		Shelby Stark	43
32	Hancock		76		49
33	Hardin	0	77	Summit Trumbull	14
34	Harrison	1	78		4
35	Henry	2	79	Tuscarawas	2
36	Highland	4	80	Union	1
37	Hocking	4	81	Van Wert	2
38	Holmes	8	82	Vinton	3
39	Huron	8	83	Warren	0
40	Jackson	20	84	Washington	
41	Jefferson	2	85	Wayne	25
42	Knox	2	86	Williams	15
43	Lake	30	87	Wood	5
44	Lawrence	0	88	Wyandot	6

Table 3. Counties with the Largest Numbers of Imperiled Species.

Rank	County	Number of Imperiled Species	Portion of the State
1	Portage	60	Northeastern
2	Summit	49	Northeastern
3	Erie	47	Northwestern
4	Stark	43	Northeastern
5	Ashtabula	37	Northeastern
6	Champaign	35	West-central
7	Lucas	33	Northwestern
8	Ottawa	31	Northwestern
9	Lake	30	Northeastern
10	Geauga	28	Northeastern
11	Licking	27	Central
12	Lorain	27	Northeastern

#### APPENDIX

Those species of very limited occurrence in the state which we consider as non-indigenous (non-native) to the flora of Ohio are enumerated in part 1 of the appendix. In certain situations, our concepts of which species are non-indigenous differ somewhat with previously published statements, hence the need for this separate list. For those individuals who consider some of these species in this list as indigenous (native), they would have to be placed in table 1. In part 2 of the appendix, we list all of those species known to us which have been reported for Ohio as having a very limited occurrence in the state, but which have been eliminated from consideration because of the reasons that are stated for each species.

Appendix Part 1. Annotated List of Rare Aquatic Plants

	Non-indigenous in Onio.
Name of Plant and Habitat	Total Number of Counties Number ca. 1900 Before ca. 1900 Number of Counties with Records Since ca. 1950 Vear of Earliest Known Record Year of Latest Known Record sipplication of Latest Known Record special counties of Latest Known Record
MARSILEACEAE	

Marsilea quadrifolia L. Pond. Water Clover 2 0 1 1941 1970 23†, 25

SALVINIACEAE Azolla caroliniana Willd.	9	2	5	1901	1974	22†, 25, 31, 43*, 48*†,
Pond. Water-velvet						62†, 67, 76†, 79†
NAJADACEAE						
Najas marina L. Pond. Naiad	2	0	2	1949	1971	22†, 62†
GRAMINEAE						
Calamagrostis cinnoides (Muhl.) Bart. Marsh. Reed Bentgrass	1	1	0	18	18	45*
CYPERACEAE						
Eleocharis caribaea (Rottb.) S.F. Blake Mudflat, Spike-rush	1	0	1	1967	1970	62†
Eleocharis wolfii Gray Fen. Spike-rush	1	0	0	1945	1945	71
Eriophorum gracile W.D.J. Koch Bog. Cotton-grass	1	0	0	1931	1931	25
Scirpus saximontanus Fern. Mudflat. Bulrush	1	0	1	1936	1973	65†
JUNCACEAE						
Juneus diffusissimus Buckl. Marsh. Rush	4	0	4	1954	1972	40†, 44†, 66†, 73†
NYMPHAEACEAE						
Cabomba caroliniana Gray Stream, Fanwort	3	0	2	1933	1971	43, 77†, 78†
ELATINACEAE				1005	1005	or -
Elatine brachysperma Gray Mudflat. Waterwort	1	0	1	1935	1935	65†
LYTHRACEAE						
Lythrum hyssopifolia L. Mudflat. Loosestrife	1	0	1	1935	1955	65†
ONAGRACEAE						
Ludwigia decurrens Walt. (Jussiaea decurrens (Walt.) DC.)	4	0	4	1951	1974	1†, 8†, 27†, 44†
Mudflat. Primrose-willow Ludwigia leptocarpa (Nutt.)						
Hara	2	0	2	1951	1973	1†, 8†
(Jussiaea leptocarpa Nutt.) Mudflat. Primrose-willow						
HALORAGACEAE						
Myriophyllum aquaticum (Vellozo) Verdc.	1	0	1	1949	1959	73†

(M. brasiliense Cambess.) Pend & Stream, Parrot's Feather UMBELLIFERAE Hydrocotyle ranunculoides L.f. 2 0 2 1959 1971 10†, 38† Marsh, Water-pennywort PRIMULACEAE Centunculus minimus L. 2 0 0 1935 1935 40, 65 Mudflat, Chaffweed

MENYANTHACEAE Nymphoides peltatum

Nymphondes petatum (Gmel.) Ktze. 1 0 0 1930 1930 4 Stream, Floating-heart

COMPOSITAE

Senecio glabellus Poir. 2 0 1 1926 1974  $62^{\dagger}$ , 68 Mudflat. Butterwort

# Appendix Part 2. Species Excluded

Species	Locality	Reference	Reason for Exclusion
Hippuris vulgaris L.	Ohio	Muenscher (1944)	No specimen located
Lemna minima Phillipi	Paulding County	Hicks (1937), Braun (1967)	No specimen located
	Cuyahoga County	Walters (1950)	No specimen located
	Ohio	Muenscher (1944)	No specimen located
Lemna perpusilla Torr.	Mercer County	Hicks (1937)	Mercer County specimen not
	Knox and Mercer Counties	Braun (1967)	located; Knox County specimen is L. minor
Mayaca aubleti Michx.	Auglaize County	Gleason (1905)	Erroneously re- ported according to Gleason (1952, Vol. 1, p. 377)
	Ohio	Muenscher (1944)	No specimen located
Myriophyllum al- terniflorum DC.	Ohio	Muenscher (1944)	No specimen located
Myriophyllum humile (Raf.) Morong	Ohio	Muenscher (1944)	No specimen located
Peplis diandra Nutt. (Didiplis	Lake County	Schaffner (1932), Jones (1943),	Specimen is Callitriche

diandra (Nutt.) Wood)

Blackwell (1970)

heterophulla

Podostemum ceratophyllum Michx.

Pickaway County Althaus (1967)

Specimen is Riccia fluitans

### REFERENCES

- ALTHAUS, R. A. 1967. Herbaceous members of the Papaveraceae, Fumariaceae, Capparidaceae, Resedaceae, Sarreceniaceae, Droseraceae, and Podostemaceae in Ohio, M.S. Thesis, Ohio University, Athens, 84 pp.
- ANONYMOUS, 1974. Rare and Endangered Plants Native to Texas, 3rd edition, Mimeographed, Rare Plant Study Center, The University of Texas, Austin, 12 pp.
- AYENSU, E. S. and others, 1974, Report on Endangered and Threatened Plant Species of the United States. Presented to the Congress of the United States of America by the Secretary, Smithsonian Institution, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C. 200 pp. Reprinted 1975 for the use of the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, Serial No. 94-A, 94th Congress, 1st Session, House Document No. 94-51. United States Govern-
- nient Printing Office, Washington, D.C. BLACKWELL, W. H., JR. 1970. The Lythraceae of Ohio. Ohio J. Sci. 70: 346-352. BRAUN, E. L. 1967. The Monocotyledonce [of Ohio]. Cat-tails to Orchids. With the Gramineae by Clara G. Weishaupt. The Ohio State University Press, Columbus. 464 pp.
- FAIRBROTHERS, D. E. and M. Y. HOUGH, 1973. Rare or Endangered Vascular Plants of New Jersey. New Jersey State Museum Science Notes No. 14, Trenton. 53 pp.
- GLEASON, H. A. 1905. Notes from the Ohio State Herbarium. IV. Ohio Nat. 6: 397-398. . 1952. The New Britton and Brown Illustrated Flora of the Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada, Volume 1, [The New York Botanical Garden, New York].
- 482 pp. HICKS, L. E. 1937. The Lemnaceae of Indiana. Amer. Midl. Nat. 18: 774-789.
- HOLT, F. T., J. F. KEEFE, WALTER H. LEWIS, W. L. PFLIEGER, and M. H. SULLI-VAN, editorial committee. 1974. Rare & Endangered Species of Missouri. Missouri Department of Conservation and United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service. Pages not numbered.
- JONES, C. H. 1943. Studies in Ohio floristics. II. Rare plants of Ohio. Castanca 8: 81-108. JUDD, J. B. and S. H. TAUB. 1973. The effects of ecological changes on Buckeye Lake, Ohio, with emphasis on largemouth bass and aquatic vascular plants. Ohio Biol. Surv., Biological Notes No. 6, 51 pp.
- LOWDEN, R. M. 1969, Changes in the marsh flora since 1901, pp. 263-267. In A vascular flora of Winous Point, Ottawa and Sandusky Counties, Ohio. Ohio J. Sci. 69: 257-284.
- MOORE, D. L. 1973. Changes in the aquatic vascular plant flora of East Harbor State Park, Ottawa County, Ohio, since 1895. M.S. Thesis, The Ohio State University, Columbus, 193 pp.
- MUENSCHER, W. C. 1944. Aquatic Plants of the United States. Comstock Publishing Co., New York. 374 pp. (Reprinted 1948, 1964, 1967).
- SCHAFFNER, J. H. 1932. Revised catalog of Ohio vascular plants. Ohio Biol. Surv. 5: 87-215. Bull. 25.
- STUCKEY, R. L. 1971. Changes of vascular aquatic flowering plants during 70 years in Put-in-Bay harbor, Lake Eric, Ohio, Ohio I, Sci. 72: 321-342.
- TUCKER, G. E. 1974. Threatened native plants of Arkansas, pp. 39-65. In Charles T. Crow. Arkansas Natural Area Plan, State of Arkansas. Arkansas Department of Planning, Little Rock, Arkansas, 248 pp.
- WALTERS, M. B. 1950. Wolffia papulifera and Lemna minima in Ohio. Ohio J. Sci. 50: 266.
- WENTZ, W. A. and R. L. STUCKEY. 1971. The changing distribution of the genus Najas (Najadaceae) in Ohio. Ohio J. Sci. 71: 292-302.